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| Diagram, map  Description automatically generatedWant to read more?https://www.9marks.org/review/a-collection-of-book-reviews-on-the-church-in-china/ |  | Logo*CHBC Core Seminars* *Global Christianity*Week 3The History of the Protestant Church in ChinaWhy study the history of the church in China? I. Pre-Protestant Christianity in China* Nestorians: 7th century.
* Franciscans: 13th century.

II. Beginnings of the Protestant Church* Robert Morrison (马礼逊) (1782 - 1834)

Translated the Bible into Chinese* First Opium War (1839 – 1842)

Opened China & burdened the gospel* Taiping Rebellion (太平天囯) (1850 - 1864)

Hong Xiuquan – self-proclaimed “Heavenly King”* Hudson Taylor (戴德生) (1832 - 1905)

Founded China Inland Mission (CIM)* Boxer Rebellion (义和团运动) (1899 - 1901)
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| II. Indigenous Christian Movements* John Sung (宋尚节) (1901 - 1944)
* Watchman Nee (倪柝声) (1903 - 1972)

III. Three Self Patriotic Movement (三自教会) (TSPM)Self-governance, self-support, and self-propagationIV. Persecution* Great Leap Forward (大跃进) (1958 - 1961)
* Cultural Revolution (文化大革命) (1966 - 1976)
* Reform and Reopening (改革开放) (1978)
 |  | V. The Church in China Today* Three Self vs. house churches
* Persecution

Challenges for the growth of healthy churches.* Unreached peoples and cities

VI. ConclusionsLessons from the last 200 years* Cultural associations with the gospel matter
* Theological liberalism doesn’t survive persecution
* Persecution isn’t an insurmountable obstacle
* The importance of theological training

How can we help?* Caring well for CHBC members from China
* Translation and publishing
* Training pastors
* Prayer
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